

CADF Business Report

2016

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Abbreviations

CADF means Cycling Anti-Doping Foundation

IC means In-Competition

OOC means Out-of-Competition

PREC means Pre-Competition

RTP means Registered Testing Pool

1. Introduction

This report summarizes the principal activities, information and financial results of CADF for its stakeholders in the first quarter.

2. Overall Testing Statistics

2.1 Overall Number of Doping Controls

The figures for the CADF testing programme are reported in the following table for the corresponding period.

		2015	2016
IC Tests	Urine	4'648	5'017
	Blood (no passport)	234	434
	Blood Passport	2'526 (incl. 1'658 PREC)	2'132 (Incl. 1'455 PREC)
OOC Tests	Urine	3'017	3'502
	Blood (no passport)	48	429
	Blood Passport	2'964	3'593
	Total	13'437	15'107

3. IC Testing Programme

3.1 Number of IC Tests

The following table illustrates the total number of IC samples collected by CADF.

		2015	2016
IC Tests	Urine	4'648	5'017
	Blood (no passport)	234	434
	Blood Passport	2'526 (Incl. 1'658 PREC)	2'132 (Incl. 1'455 PREC)
	Total	7'408	7'583

3.2 Percentage of IC Tests per Discipline

The following table illustrates the percentage (%) of IC samples collected per discipline. Professional men road riders are taken into account in the statistics below and it remains the discipline which represents the majority of samples collected. The increase of the percentage in certain disciplines is due to the cooperation with the Spanish NADO during its suspension. The corresponding tests, financed by AEPSAD, were indeed conducted under the UCI authority.

Discipline	2015 % of the IC samples	2016 % of the IC samples
Road	74.4	67.9
Mountain Bike	10.8	13.9
Track	7.7	8.8
Cyclo-Cross	3.1	4.1
BMX	1.5	2
Para-Cycling	1.4	1.2
Other	1.1	2.1

4. OOC Testing Programme

4.1 Number of OOC Tests

The numbers for the OOC testing programme are reported in the following table. The majority of the OOC testing samples were collected by the sample collection agencies working on behalf of CADF.

		2015	2016
OOO Tests	Urine	3'017	3'502
	Blood (no passport)	48	429
	Blood Passport	2'964	3'593
	Total	6'029	7'524

4.2 Percentage of OOC Tests per Discipline

The following table illustrates the percentage (%) of OOC samples collected per discipline. Professional men road riders are taken into account in the statistics below and it remains the discipline which represents the majority of samples collected. The increase of the percentage in certain disciplines is due to the increase of the tests before the Olympic Games in Rio and the cooperation with the Spanish NADO during its suspension. In the second case, the corresponding tests, financed by AESPAD, were indeed conducted under the UCI authority.

Discipline	2015 % of the OOC samples	2016 % of the OOC samples
Road	95.9	89.9
Mountain Bike	1.2	2.3
Track	1.7	4.7
Cyclo-Cross	0.7	0.8
BMX	0.2	0.8
Para-Cycling	0.2	1.5
Other	0	0

5. Testing Programme on Professional Men Road Riders

A significant share of the testing activities is implemented for professional men road riders because the professional men's cycling world finances the majority of the programme.

5.1 Number of Professional Teams

The following table shows the number of Professional Teams which participate in the Biological Passport programme this year.

	2015	2016
Total Professional Teams	37	41
ProTeams	17	18
Pro Continental Teams	20	23

5.2 Number of Professional Men Road Riders

The following table specifies how many riders are included so far in the programme and how they are distributed among the teams.

	2015	2016
Total Riders in Professional Teams	882	962
Riders in ProTeams	475	502
Riders in Pro Continental Teams	406	460

5.3 Number of Tests on Professional Men Road Riders

The following table is related to the IC, PREC and OOC tests performed so far on professional men road riders.

		2015	2016
IC Tests	Urine	1'733	1'664
	Blood (no passport)	191	325
	Blood Passport	2'103 (incl. 1'380 PREC)	1'738 (incl. 1'115PREC)
OOC Tests	Urine	2'733	2'909
	Blood (no passport)	45	312
	Blood Passport	2'699	3'049
	Total	9'504	9'997

6. Financial Report

6.1 Stakeholders' Contribution in CHF

The following table shows the financial contribution in kCHF of the different stakeholders this year to the fight against doping:

Stakeholder	Amount KCHF 2015	Percentage % 2015	Amount KCHF 2016	Percentage % 2016
UCI ProTeams	2'119	38	2'515	37.5
UCI Continental Pro Teams	1'670	30	2'150	32
UCI	1'100 (including riders' 240)	20 (including riders' 2%)	1'238 (including riders' 240)	18.5 (including riders' 2%)
Organisers	678	12	807	12
Total	5'567	100	6'710	100

7. Summary of the year

2016 was an important year for the CADF.

Following the implementation of the new World Anti-Doping code in 2015, which gave a new impetus to the fight against doping, the CADF improved its procedures with specific attention to the implementation of new Intelligence processes. In this context, the CADF strengthened the Intelligence area by recruiting an Intelligence Analyst to support the Intelligence Manager. Both have a specific academic and professional background, which allows the CADF to facilitate the gathering and management of anti-doping intelligence, to carry out investigations, to liaise with other Anti-Doping Organisations and public authorities, to disseminate and optimize the use of information coming from different sources and to improve the testing strategies.

The year was also particularly busy considering the Rio 2016 Olympic and Paralympic Games. CADF worked hand-in-hand with the Rio Taskforce established by the International Olympic Committee ahead of the Games to ensure a coordinated effort between all countries. In the frame of the international cooperation between National Anti-Doping Organizations and International Federations, CADF and UCI signed an agreement with the Spanish NADO during its suspension to secure, at the NADO's expenses, a certain level of testing on national cyclists. The testing program before the Olympic and Paralympic games, as well as the support to the Spanish NADO impacted the 2016 overall statistics.

2016 also saw the CADF organise and/or attend several important events, including – but not limited to – the following:

- In March 2016, the CADF attended the World Anti-Doping Agency's Symposium entitled "Partnering for quality practice", during which the CADF staff actively contributed as speakers to sessions focused on Long-Term Sample Storage for Re-Analysis, Developing an Education Plan, Technical Document for Sport Specific Analysis Implementation and Doping Reporting Mechanisms.
- The CADF and its Funding Committee met in Geneva on 10th June 2016 for a mid-year review. The CADF Funding Committee, composed of all cycling stakeholders who fund the anti-doping activities of the CADF, received updates on the current anti-doping programme. The detailed 2015 accounts were also presented.
- In December 2016, the CADF convened a webinar for athletes, teams, rider's support personnel to explain the whereabouts system to the riders recently included in the UCI Registered Testing Pool (RTP) and to assist them with the submission of the relevant information into ADAMS.